



## COURSE DESCRIPTION

### 1. Program identification information

1.1 Higher education institution	National University of Science and Technology Politehnica Bucharest
1.2 Faculty	Electronics, Telecommunications and Information Technology
1.3 Department	Electronic Devices, Circuits and Architectures
1.4 Domain of studies	Electronic Engineering, Telecommunications and Information Technology
1.5 Cycle of studies	Bachelor/Undergraduate
1.6 Programme of studies	Applied Electronics

### 2. Date despre disciplină

2.1 Course name (ro) (en)				Dispozitive electronice Electronic Devices			
2.2 Course Lecturer				Prof. Dr. Cristian Ravariu			
2.3 Instructor for practical activities				Prof. Dr. Cristian Ravariu			
2.4 Year of studies	2	2.5 Semester	I	2.6. Evaluation type	E	2.7 Course regime	Ob
2.8 Course type		D	2.9 Course code	04.D.03.O.002		2.10 Tipul de notare	Nota

### 3. Total estimated time (hours per semester for academic activities)

3.1 Number of hours per week	5	Out of which: 3.2 course	2.00	3.3 seminary/laboratory	3
3.4 Total hours in the curricula	70.00	Out of which: 3.5 course	28	3.6 seminary/laboratory	42
Distribution of time:					hours
Study according to the manual, course support, bibliography and hand notes Supplemental documentation (library, electronic access resources, in the field, etc) Preparation for practical activities, homework, essays, portfolios, etc.					74
Tutoring					0
Examinations					6
Other activities (if any):					0
3.7 Total hours of individual study	80.00				
3.8 Total hours per semester	150				
3.9 Number of ECTS credit points	6				

### 4. Prerequisites (if applicable) (where applicable)

4.1 Curriculum	Mathematics, Physics 1 & 2, Fundamentals of Electrical Engineering, Measurements in Electronics and Telecommunications
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4.2 Results of learning	General principles of solid state physics, electricity, mathematics, electric circuits analysis and able to use general purpose measurement equipment.
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**5. Necessary conditions for the optimal development of teaching activities** (where applicable)

5.1 Course	Lecture room equipped with multimedia projector, white or chalkboard and internet connection.
5.2 Seminary/ Laboratory/Project	Seminar room/Laboratory equipped with multimedia projector, white or chalkboard and internet connection. Minimum 15 experimental platforms that includes measurement boards and general purpose measurement equipment for the measurement and characterization of electron devices. 15 personal computers with device and circuit simulation software.

**6. General objective** (*Referring to the teachers' intentions for students and to what the students will be thought during the course. It offers an idea on the position of course in the scientific domain, as well as the role it has for the study programme. The course topics, the justification of including the course in the curricula of the study programme, etc. will be described in a general manner*)

Study of semiconductors' solid state physics with regards to pn-junction, metal-semiconductor interface and MOS capacitor together with the electrical behaviour and steady state and dynamic models for basic electron devices: pn junction diode, Schottky diode, Junction Field Effect Transistor (J-FET), Metal Oxide Semiconductor Transistors (MOS-FET) and Bipolar Junction Transistor (BJT).

**7. Competences** (*Proven capacity to use knowledge, aptitudes and personal, social and/or methodological abilities in work or study situations and for personal and professional growth. They reflect the employers requirements.*)

<b>Specific Competences</b>	Basic knowledge related to solid state physics with special regards to semiconductor physics. Advanced knowledge related to device physics, operation modes and steady state and dynamic modelling for pn junction, Schottky diode, JFET, MOSFET and BJT. Ability to apply the knowledge acquired related to device modelling and equivalent circuits for analysis and design on analog as well as digital circuitry. Ability to extract optimal parameters for devices for given circuit topologies.
<b>Transversal (General) Competences</b>	<b>Team work, efficient communication:</b> ability to efficient cooperate with the other member of the team to <b>solve problems</b> of medium complexity. <b>Critical thinking:</b> ability to think scientifically, to inquire and to analyze data independently and to draw conclusions as well as to identify solutions. <b>Capacity of analyse and synthesise:</b> ability of presenting the acquired knowledge following a systematic analysis. <b>Follow the academic ethical principles:</b> during the desk research, cite correctly the reference sources.

**8. Learning outcomes** (*Synthetic descriptions for what a student will be capable of doing or showing at the completion of a course. The learning outcomes reflect the student's accomplishments and to a lesser extent the teachers' intentions. The learning outcomes inform the students of what is expected from them with respect to performance and to obtain the desired grades and ECTS points. They are defined in concise terms, using verbs similar to the examples below and indicate what will be required for evaluation. The*



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learning outcomes will be formulated so that the correlation with the competences defined in section 7 is highlighted.)

<b>Knowledge</b>	<p><i>The result of knowledge acquisition through learning. The knowledge represents the totality of facts, principles, theories and practices for a given work or study field. They can be theoretical and/or factual.</i></p> <p>Ability to list and describe the most important properties of semiconductor materials used in the production of semiconductor devices.</p> <p>Ability to define specific characteristics of studied electron devices.</p> <p>Ability to describe/classify concepts/phenomena/models for diodes and transistors.</p> <p>Ability to define DC biasing modes and dynamic circuit models for studied electron devices.</p>
<b>Skills</b>	<p><i>The capacity to apply the knowledge and use the know-how for completing tasks and solving problems. The skills are described as being cognitive (requiring the use of logical, intuitive and creative thinking) or practical (implying manual dexterity and the use of methods, materials, tools and instrumentation).</i></p> <p>Ability of working in teams.</p> <p>Ability to solve practical exercises using the acquired knowledge.</p> <p>Ability to propose practical schemes for circuits incorporating studied electronic devices.</p> <p>Ability to identify the electrical behaviour of electron devices within given circuits.</p> <p>Ability to differentiate between the electron devices behaviour in DC and small-signal dynamic modes.</p> <p>Ability to differentiate between the linear and non-linear behaviour of electron devices</p> <p>Ability to analyse elementary circuits with diodes and transistors.</p> <p>Ability to acknowledge the importance of model parameters for electrical behaviour of studied electron devices.</p>
<b>Responsibility and autonomy</b>	<p><i>The student's capacity to autonomously and responsibly apply their knowledge and skills.</i></p> <p><b>Ability</b> to undertake a proper desk research and analysis of references.</p> <p><b>Respect the academic ethical principles</b>, by correct citing the used references.</p> <p><b>Prove openness</b> for new learning contexts.</p> <p><b>Cooperate</b> with other colleagues and academic staff in the implementation of academic activities.</p> <p><b>Prove autonomy</b> in setting-up the learning context or of the problem to be solved.</p> <p><b>Contribute through new solutions related to its field of study</b> for the improvement of the quality of life.</p> <p><b>Be aware of its contribution within the engineering</b> through identification of solutions for real-life problems from the society (social responsibility).</p> <p><b>Apply the ethical principles in analysing the impact the proposed solutions</b> on the environment.</p> <p><b>Analise and take advantage of opportunities</b> of personal entrepreneurial development.</p> <p><b>Prove management abilities</b> in real life settings.</p>

**9. Teaching techniques** (Student centric techniques will be considered. The means for students to participate in defining their own study path, the identification of eventual fallbacks and the remedial measures that will be adopted in those cases will be described.)

The course is taught based on PowerPoint course notes following the structure presented within the following section – the presentation includes detailed information regarding the studied subjects and , if needed, extensive explanation for complex matters at the whiteboard/chalkboard. The course resources (the course notes, additional reading, model solved exercises) are published within the Moodle platform.



The seminar is focus on solving practical exercises aiming at assessing the ability of students to transfer the taught theory in practice – model exercises are presented and solved by the teacher (all the seminar notes are also uploaded on the Moodle platform). The common practice is that the students actively contribute to the seminar by responding to open quizzes or solving given exercises of part of them at the whiteboard/chalkboard. The basic resources for seminar activities are the course notes, solved exercises and the exercise books.

The laboratory activities are divided in two rooms: the first one is equipped with 15 experimental platforms that includes measurements boards and general purpose measurement equipment for the measurement and characterisation of electron devices while the second one is equipped with 15 personal computer having installed different devices and circuit simulation software. In the beginning of each laboratory, the students are introduced to the given topic by the tutors that afterwards guide them during the whole time – the laboratory notes consist in all the needed information in terms of theoretical background, measurement settings, practical steps as well as hints in order that the students to successfully finalize the required tasks (the laboratory notes are available within the laboratory book „*Dispozitive electronice-Îndrumar de laborator*” and online at [https://wiki.dcae.pub.ro/index.php/Pagina\\_principal%C4%83#Platforme\\_de\\_aplicatii\\_sau\\_laborator](https://wiki.dcae.pub.ro/index.php/Pagina_principal%C4%83#Platforme_de_aplicatii_sau_laborator)). Within the first meeting, the students are introduced to the lab rules and procedures (working security included), equipment operation hands-on and measurements boards.

## 10. Contents

COURSE		
Chapter	Content	No. hours
1	Semiconductors Fundamentals 1.1 Semiconductors. Insulators. Metals 1.2 Electrons and holes 1.3 Intrinsic and extrinsic semiconductors 1.4 Drift and diffusion 1.5 Generation and recombination 1.6 Semiconductor equations 1.7 Electrical signals for semiconductor devices 1.7.1 Analog and digital signals 1.7.2 Small signal and large signal 1.7.3 Stationary and Quasi-Stationary Signals. Operation at high frequencies. The effect of internal capacities	3
2	Semiconductor Diodes 2.1 Diodes applications 2.2 pn Junction 2.2.1 Electrostatics of pn junction 2.2.2 Current voltage relationships 2.2.3 pn junction breakdown 2.2.4 Small signal modeling 2.3 pn Junction diode 2.4 Metal-semiconductor contact 2.5 Light-emitting diode (LED) 2.6 Thermal behavior of semiconductor diodes 2.7 Applications	6



3	Metal Oxide Semiconductor (MOS) Field Effect Transistor 3.1 Field effect transistor concept. Classification 3.2 MOS capacitor 3.3 Enhancement MOS. 3.3.1 Structure. Channel inducing 3.3.2 Threshold voltage. Channel conductance 3.3.3 Operation modes 3.3.4 Current voltage relationships. 3.3.5 MOS transistor models 3.4 Depletion MOS. Structure and operation 3.5 Applications	8
4	Bipolar transistor 4.1 Device structure. npn and pnp transistors 4.2 Transistor effect 4.3 Ebers-Moll equations 4.4 Operating modes. Configurations 4.5 Simplified modeling 4.6 Second order characteristics of transistor 4.7 Full modeling in forward active mode 4.8 High frequency transistor response 4.9. Applications	8
<b>Total:</b>		28

#### Bibliography:

1. Suport curs pe Moodle, actualizat in fiecare an, Cristian Ravariu, Dispozitive Electronice. Cristian RAVARIU, MOSFET with tips and tricks, Politehnica Press Publisher, e-Book 105pp, Bucharest, Romania, March 2023, (in English). ISBN: 978-606-9608-41-8.
2. **C. Ravariu.** Electronic Devices, pp. 1-326, Publisher: Printech Romania, 2004, ISBN 973-718-133-6, (in Romanian).
3. S.M. Sze, K.W. Ng, Physics of Semiconductor Devices, 3rd edition, Wiley Interscience, New Jersey, USA, 2007
4. **C. Ravariu.** Deeper Insights of the Conduction Mechanisms in a Vacuum SOI Nanotransistor, *IEEE Transactions on Electron Devices*, **63**(8), pp. 3278 - 3283, 2016, (IEEE Journal ISSN: 0018-9383, **Q1-Red zone**/2015).
5. **C. Ravariu.** Gate Swing Improving for the Nothing On Insulator Transistor in Weak Tunneling, *IEEE Transactions on Nanotechnology*, **16**(6), pp. 1115 - 1121, 2017, (IEEE Journal ISSN: 1536-125X, **Q2-Yellow zone**/2017).
6. **C. Ravariu, C. Pârvueșcu, E. Manea, A. Dinescu, R. Gavrilă, M. Purica, V. Arora**DL IEEE-USA. Manufacturing of a Nothing On Insulator Nano-Structure with two Cr/Au Nanowires Separated by 18 nm Air Gap, *Nanotechnology*, **31**(27), pp.1-9, 2020, (IOP Journal, ISSN: 0957-4484 **Q1-Red zone**/2020).
7. 8. R. Muller, T. Kamins, Devices Electronics for Integrated Circuits, Wiley and Sons, New York, 1988.
9. P. R. Gray, P. J. Hurst, S. H. Lewis, R. G. Meyer, Analysis and Design of Analog IC's, ediția 4, J. Wiley & Sons, 2005.
10. A. Sedra, K.C. Smith, Microelectronic Circuits, ediția a 5-a, Oxford University Press, 2004

#### LABORATORY



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<b>Crt. no.</b>	<b>Content</b>	<b>No. hours</b>
1	Semiconductor Diodes 1.1 - Measuring of static and dynamic parameters. 1.2 - Simulation of a pn junction using a simulator.	4
2	Bipolar transistor 2.1 - Measuring of static and dynamic parameters. Common emitter amplifier stage. 2.2 - Spice simulations of basic amplifier stage	4
3	nMOS and junction field effect transistor 3.1 - Measuring of static and dynamic parameters. Common source amplifier stage. 3.2 Parameter extraction for diodes, bipolar and FET transistors	4
4	Final verification – practical test	2
	<b>Total:</b>	
<b>SEMINARY</b>		
<b>Crt. no.</b>	<b>Content</b>	<b>No. hours</b>
1	Electrons and holes. Extrinsic semiconductors. Semiconductor resistivity.	2
2	PN junction. Depletion region. Semiconductor diodes. Diode DC operating point using an iterative method. Diode circuits - DC and Small signal analysis.	2
3	OP using an iterative method. Diode circuits - DC and Small signal analysis.	2
4	Circuits with diodes static	2
5	Circuits with diodes static and dynamic	2
6	MOSFET. Current sources and single stage amplifiers involving MOSFETs (common source and degenerated source)	2
7	Single stage amplifiers involving MOSFETs (common gate and common drain).	2
8	Single stage amplifiers involving MOSFETs and FETs.	2
9	Single stage amplifiers involving MOSFETs and FETs (cont').	2
10	BJT. Current sources and single stage amplifiers involving BJTs (common emitter and degenerated emitter).	2
11	Single stage amplifiers involving BJTs (common base and common collector).	2
12	Single stage amplifiers involving BJTs, MOSFETs and FETs.	2
13	Single stage amplifiers involving BJTs, MOSFETs and FETs.	2
14	Single stage amplifiers involving BJTs, MOSFETs and FETs.	2
	<b>Total:</b>	28





#### Bibliography:

1. Materiale de curs pe Moodle: Cristian Ravariu, Dispozitive Electronice.
  1. I. Rusu, F. Babarada, F. Drăghici, “Dispozitive Electronice - Îndrumar de Laborator”, Editura Rosetti Educațional, București, 2011, ISBN 978-973-7881-71-7.
2. Cristian Ravariu, D. Cozma. *Dispositifs et circuits electroniques pour applications pratiques*, edited by Politehnica Press Romania, 2007, pp.1-108, ISBN: 973-652-443-4, (en Francaise).
3. **C. Ravariu**, Florin Babarada, Adrian Rusu. *SPICE – theory and applications*, Publishing House Printech, ISBN 973-718-217-0, Bucharest, 2005, pp. 1-234, (in Romanian).
  4. B. Razavi, Fundamentals of Microelectronics, 2nd edition, Wiley Global Education, 2013
  5. T.L. Floyd, Electronic Devices- Electron Flow Version, 9th edition, Prentice Hall, 2012;
  6. Ravariu C, Parvulescu CC, Manea E, Tucureanu V. Optimized Technologies for Cointegration of MOS Transistor and Glucose Oxidase Enzyme on a Si-Wafer. *Biosensors*. 2021; vol. 11, no. 12, pp. 497. <https://doi.org/10.3390/bios11120497>. **Q1**

#### 11. Evaluation

Activity type	11.1 Evaluation criteria	11.2 Evaluation methods	11.3 Percentage of final grade
11.4 Course	Knowledge of fundamental theoretical concepts, of using theory to solve specific problems and understanding and use of model parameters and equivalent circuits for diodes.	A written midterm test, which covers 50% of the lecture, focusing both on theoretical knowledge evaluation and solving problems that illustrate semiconductors use in devices fabrication and the operation of pn junction and diodes in specific electronic circuits.	30%
	Knowledge of fundamental theoretical concepts, of using theory to solve specific problems and understanding and use of model parameters and equivalent circuits for field effect and bipolar transistors.	Final examination, with the possibility of retaking the midterm test. This exam is focused both on theoretical knowledge evaluation and solving problems that illustrate operation and parameters of field effect and bipolar transistors, in specific single transistor amplifiers.	40%



11.5 Seminary/laboratory/project	Seminar - Understanding and use of established models for diodes, field effect and bipolar transistors in specific circuits.	Two written tests of equal weight, at dates fixed at the beginning of the semester; test topics are based on problems with numerical data on semiconductor physics and specific circuits with diodes, field effect and bipolar transistors.	20%
	Laboratory - Knowledge of measurement methods and characterization of fundamental electronic devices: diodes and transistors. Knowledge of analysis and characterization software for electronic devices.	Evaluation over the semester of practical activities undertaken. Grading based on the understanding of measurement methods and elaboration of main electrical characteristics of studied electronic devices. Final laboratory examination, evaluating both theoretical knowledge (questions) and practical abilities (implementation and testing of a specific electronic circuit).	10%
11.6 Passing conditions			
Acquiring a minimum score of 50% for seminar (20 points out of 100) and laboratory (10 points out of 100), 50% for the midterm test (30 points out of 100) and 50% for the final examination (40 points out of 100).			

**12. Corroborate the content of the course with the expectations of representatives of employers and representative professional associations in the field of the program, as well as with the current state of knowledge in the scientific field approached and practices in higher education institutions in the European Higher Education Area (EHEA)**

*Electronic Devices* represents a fundamental topic for an electrics and electronics engineering engineer. Deep knowledge of physics and semiconductor electronics devices have made possible major progress, explaining the unparalleled achievements in mobile communications, computers or audio and video electronic systems.

This course presents the electrical behavior, models and equivalent circuits of diodes, field effect and bipolar transistors, as well as their uses within different purpose circuit with special regards to amplifier stages.

By selection of important knowledge, of immediate or timeless topicality, the students are offered complete scientific and technical training, allowing employment opportunities after graduation in any electronics, telecommunications or information technology entity. Thus, the policy of National University of Science and Technology POLITEHNICA Bucharest, of promoting subjects strongly correlated with the actual demand of the labour market, is followed.

Date

Course lecturer

Instructor(s) for practical activities

18.09.2025

Prof. Dr. Cristian Ravariu    Prof. Dr. Cristian Ravariu





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D. h.

D. h.

Date of department approval

Head of department

Date of approval in the Faculty Council    Dean