



COURSE DESCRIPTION

1. Program identification information

1.1 Higher education institution	National University of Science and Technology Politehnica Bucharest
1.2 Faculty	Electronics, Telecommunications and Information Technology
1.3 Department	Applied Electronics and Information Engineering
1.4 Domain of studies	Computers and Information Technology
1.5 Cycle of studies	Bachelor/Undergraduate
1.6 Programme of studies	Information Engineering

2. Date despre disciplină

2.1 Course name (ro) (en)		Semnale și sisteme 3					
2.2 Course Lecturer		Prof. Dr. Ing. Radu Mihnea Udrea, Conf. Dr. Ing. Ionuț Pirnog					
2.3 Instructor for practical activities		Prof. Dr. Ing. Radu Mihnea Udrea, Conf. Dr. Ing. Ionuț Pirnog					
2.4 Year of studies	3	2.5 Semester	I	2.6. Evaluation type	E	2.7 Course regime	Ob
2.8 Course type	S	2.9 Course code	04.S.05.O.001	2.10 Tipul de notare	Nota		

3. Total estimated time (hours per semester for academic activities)

3.1 Number of hours per week	4	Out of which: 3.2 course	2.00	3.3 seminary/laboratory	2
3.4 Total hours in the curricula	56.00	Out of which: 3.5 course	28	3.6 seminary/laboratory	28
Distribution of time:					hours
Study according to the manual, course support, bibliography and hand notes Supplemental documentation (library, electronic access resources, in the field, etc) Preparation for practical activities, homework, essays, portfolios, etc.					65
Tutoring					0
Examinations					4
Other activities (if any):					0
3.7 Total hours of individual study	69.00				
3.8 Total hours per semester	125				
3.9 Number of ECTS credit points	5				

4. Prerequisites (if applicable) (where applicable)

4.1 Curriculum	Completion and/or promotion of the following subjects: Mathematical Analysis, Special Mathematics, Fundamentals of Electrical Engineering, Signals and Systems 1, Signals and Systems 2
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4.2 Results of learning	Accumulation of the following knowledge: Fourier series, Fourier transform, Laplace transform, Z transform, derivation and integration of functions
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5. Necessary conditions for the optimal development of teaching activities (where applicable)

5.1 Course	The course will take place in a room equipped with a video projector.
5.2 Seminary/ Laboratory/Project	The laboratory will be held in a room with specific equipment, which must include: signal generator, multimeter, oscilloscope, wobulator. Mandatory attendance at seminar and laboratory classes (in accordance with the university's internal rules).

6. General objective (*Referring to the teachers' intentions for students and to what the students will be thought during the course. It offers an idea on the position of course in the scientific domain, as well as the role it has for the study programme. The course topics, the justification of including the course in the curricula of the study programme, etc. will be described in a general manner*)

The course presents modulated signals (linear, exponential) with harmonic carrier. Next, the methods of approximating transfer functions of the flat maximum type, Butterworth type, Bessel type and Chebyshev type are presented. Fluence graphs of signals with applications in the study of circuits and systems are studied. Active filters are analyzed, presenting the types of transfer functions for second-order filter sections, sensitivity functions and realizations of active filters with operational amplifiers, resistors and capacitors. Applications directly related to the concepts taught in the course are presented. The seminar aims to solve problems related to the analysis and synthesis of electrical circuits, and their solution requires knowledge of general methodologies for analysis, design and synthesis for electrical circuits.

7. Competences (*Proven capacity to use knowledge, aptitudes and personal, social and/or methodological abilities in work or study situations and for personal and professional growth. They reflect the employers requirements.*)

Specific Competences	Demonstrates basic knowledge in the field of analog and discrete-time systems analysis. Correlates the knowledge acquired in this course with that from other courses Applies the knowledge acquired in the course in practice. Applies methods and tools specific to the field of systems and circuits analysis, to carry out the process of evaluating a situation encountered in practice and identifies solutions. Argues and analyzes coherently and correctly the context of application of basic knowledge of the field, using key concepts of the discipline and the specific methodology. Oral and written communication in Romanian: uses the scientific vocabulary specific to the field, in order to communicate effectively, in writing and orally. Oral and written communication in a foreign language (English): demonstrates understanding of the vocabulary related to the field, in a foreign language
Transversal (General) Competences	Works in a team and communicates effectively, coordinating efforts with others to solve problem situations of medium complexity. Autonomy and critical thinking: the ability to think in scientific terms, to search for and analyze data independently, as well as to draw and present conclusions / identify solutions



8. Learning outcomes (*Synthetic descriptions for what a student will be capable of doing or showing at the completion of a course. The learning outcomes reflect the student's accomplishments and to a lesser extent the teachers' intentions. The learning outcomes inform the students of what is expected from them with respect to performance and to obtain the desired grades and ECTS points. They are defined in concise terms, using verbs similar to the examples below and indicate what will be required for evaluation. The learning outcomes will be formulated so that the correlation with the competences defined in section 7 is highlighted.*)

Knowledge	<p><i>The result of knowledge acquisition through learning. The knowledge represents the totality of facts, principles, theories and practices for a given work or study field. They can be theoretical and/or factual.</i></p> <p>Defines and understands notions specific to the field of analog and discrete-time systems analysis: is able to determine the response of a linear and time-invariant system, is able to determine the transfer function of a system through signal graphs and Mason's rule, is able to identify the type of a filter and determine the sensitivity of some filter parameters depending on the elements of the scheme, etc.</p>
Skills	<p><i>The capacity to apply the knowledge and use the know-how for completing tasks and solving problems. The skills are described as being cognitive (requiring the use of logical, intuitive and creative thinking) or practical (implying manual dexterity and the use of methods, materials, tools and instrumentation).</i></p> <p>Selects and groups relevant information in a given context. Works in a team. Develops a scientific text in the field of systems. Experimentally verifies identified solutions, solves practical applications. Selects appropriate bibliographic sources and analyzes them. Respects the principles of academic ethics, correctly citing the bibliographic sources used. Demonstrates receptivity to new learning contexts. Demonstrates collaboration with other colleagues and teachers in carrying out teaching activities Applies principles of professional ethics/deontology in analyzing the technological impact of solutions proposed in the specialized field on the environment</p>
Responsibility and autonomy	<p><i>The student's capacity to autonomously and responsibly apply their knowledge and skills.</i></p> <p>Selects appropriate bibliographic sources and analyzes them. Respects the principles of academic ethics, correctly citing the bibliographic sources used. Demonstrates receptivity to new learning contexts. Demonstrates collaboration with other colleagues and teachers in carrying out teaching activities.</p>

9. Teaching techniques (*Student centric techniques will be considered. The means for students to participate in defining their own study path, the identification of eventual fallbacks and the remedial measures that will be adopted in those cases will be described.*)

Starting from the analysis of the students' learning characteristics and their specific needs, the teaching process will explore both expository (lecture, exposition) and conversational-interactive teaching methods, based on discovery learning models facilitated by direct and indirect exploration of reality (experiment, demonstration, modeling), but also on action-based methods, such as exercise, practical activities and problem solving.

Lectures will be used in the teaching activity, based on Power Point presentations or various videos that will be made available to students. Each course will begin with a recap of the chapters already covered, with an emphasis on the notions covered in the last course.



The presentations use images and diagrams, so that the information presented is easy to understand and assimilate.

This discipline covers information and practical activities designed to support students in their learning efforts and in developing optimal collaborative and communication relationships in a climate favorable to discovery learning.

The practice of active listening and assertive communication skills, as well as feedback construction mechanisms, will be considered, as ways of regulating behavior in various situations and adapting the pedagogical approach to the learning needs of students.

The ability to work in a team will be practiced to solve various learning tasks.

10. Contents

COURSE		
Chapter	Content	No. hours
1	Modulated signals. Definitions and classifications. Harmonic carrier modulation. Amplitude modulation. Frequency modulation. Phase modulation. MA-MF modulation. Principle of frequency multiplexing of signals. Pulse modulation. Examples.	8
2	Bandpass circuit response to modulated signals. Low frequency equivalent. Methods: Fourier, Laplace, Harmonic, compact. Examples.	4
3	Signal flow graphs. Elements of the flow graph. Definitions and methods of graph reduction. Mason's rule. Applications in the analysis of analog and discrete, linear and time-invariant systems. Examples.	2
4	Ideal filters: Low-pass filter. Transfer function. Weight function. Response to the unit step function. Band-pass filter. High-pass filter and band-stop filter. Examples.	4
5	Approximation methods in the theory of circuits and linear systems. Introduction. The elements of approximation. Approximation criteria: flat maximum approximation, mini-max approximation. Butterworth approximation, Bessel approximation, Chebyshev approximation. Use of approximation in the theory of circuits and linear systems. Examples.	6
6	Synthesis of infinite impulse response filters: General properties, Indirect synthesis methods, Direct synthesis methods.	4
	Total:	



Bibliography:

- 1.I. Constantin, "Semnale și răspunsul circuitelor", București, Editura BREN, 1999
- 2Ad. Mateescu, N. Dumitriu, L. Stanciu, "Semnale și sisteme. Aplicații în filtrarea semnalelor", Editura Teora, 2001.
- 3.I. Constantin, "Semnale", Tipografia Institutului Politehnic București, 1992
- 4.D. Stanomir, "Semnale și sisteme analogice", Editura Politehnica Press, 2005.
- 5.D. Stanomir, "Semnale și sisteme discrete", Editura Athena, 1997.
- 6.Ad. Mateescu, Al. Șerbănescu, N. Dumitriu, L. Stanciu, "Semnale, circuite și sisteme-probleme", Editura Militară, București, 1998
- 7.I. Constantin, S. Halunga, I. Marcu, "Semnale și sisteme-probleme", Editura Electronica 2000, București, 2007.
- 8C. Negrescu, D. Stanomir, "Semnale și sisteme-Probleme și soluții", Ed. Politehnica, 2013, București.
- 9T. Petrescu, S. Halunga-Fratu, O. Fratu, I. Marcu, C. Voicu, R. Crăciunescu, "Analiza și sinteza circuitelor. Teorie și aplicații", Ed. POLIEHNICA PRESS, București, 2016

LABORATORY

Crt. no.	Content	No. hours
1	Harmonic carrier signals. Amplitude modulated signals	4
2	Harmonic carrier signals. Frequency modulated signals	2
3	Biquad active filters made with integrated circuits	2
4	LC filters	2
5	Infinite impulse response filters	2
6	Practical exam	2
	Total:	

SEMINARY

Crt. no.	Content	No. hours
1	Amplitude modulated signals	2
2	Frequency modulated signals	2
3	Response of bandpass circuits to modulated signals	2
4	Signal graphs	2
5	Ideal filters	2
6	Approximation methods in the theory of circuits and linear systems	2
7	Synthesis of infinite impulse response filters	2
	Total:	



Bibliography:

- 1I. Constantin, "Semnale și răspunsul circuitelor", București, Editura BREN, 1999
- 2.Ad. Mateescu, N. Dumitriu, L. Stanciu, "Semnale și sisteme. Aplicații în filtrarea semnalelor", Editura Teora, 2001.
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- 5.D. Stanomir, "Semnale și sisteme discrete", Editura Athena, 1997.
- 6.Ad. Mateescu, Al. Șerbănescu, N. Dumitriu, L. Stanciu, "Semnale, circuite și sisteme-probleme", Editura Militară, București, 1998
- 7.I. Constantin, S. Halunga, I. Marcu, "Semnale și sisteme-probleme", Editura Electronica 2000, București, 2007.
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10. <https://www.telecom.pub.ro/discipline/semnale-si-sisteme-3/laborator/>

11. Evaluation

Activity type	11.1 Evaluation criteria	11.2 Evaluation methods	11.3 Percentage of final grade
11.4 Course	Knowledge of the fundamental notions of signal and systems theory	Exam	50
11.5 Seminary/laboratory/project	The practical component is verified by assessing the skills of measuring the spectrum of a signal. Knowledge of how to compare experimental results with theoretical ones	laboratory sheets (10p) and end-of-semester colloquium (10p)	20
	Appreciation in independent individual solving of proposed problems	2 tests	30
11.6 Passing conditions			
Obtaining 50% of the total score. Modeling a simple real signal analysis problem and specifying the processing chain necessary to solve it; Implementing and demonstrating the operation of a simple solution for a spectral analysis problem of signals of interest.			

12. Corroborate the content of the course with the expectations of representatives of employers and representative professional associations in the field of the program, as well as with the current state of knowledge in the scientific field approached and practices in higher education institutions in the European Higher Education Area (EHEA)

The course presents the theory of analog and discrete systems from the perspective of signal processing, but also includes the design and analysis of analog and digital filters. The first part of the course presents the theory and the second part of the course exemplifies the theory through their implementation. The course has a similar content to the courses held at universities in Europe and the United States of the same profile.



Universitatea Națională de Știință și Tehnologie Politehnica București
Facultatea de Electronică, Telecomunicații și
Tehnologia Informației



Date Course lecturer Instructor(s) for practical activities

25.09.2025

Conf. Dr. Ionuț Pirnog

Conf. Dr. Ionuț Pirnog

Date of department approval

Head of department

Date of approval in the Faculty Council

Dean

26.09.2025

Prof. Dr. Mihnea Udrea